WARDS AFFECTED

All

Report to: Executive Board, 2nd December 2002, and Council 9th December 2002.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY POSITION 2002-03

Report of: Strategic Director, Finance and

Corporate Services

Report Author: Alan Flockton

Lead Member Councillor Hollingsworth

Responsible:

Overview and Finance and Performance

Scrutiny Management

Committee Responsibility:

Key Decision: No

SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This report updates Executive Board on the budgetary position for the current year and makes a revised forecast of year end balances.

Executive Board is asked to

- 1. Recommend that council approve the latest spend forecast of £24,238,000 as the revised budget for the year. (Table 1)
- 2. Note that this results in a revised balance forecast of £3,361,000 at 31st March 2003.
- 3. Note that there is a contingency of £500,000.
- 4. Note that business managers are currently investigating a number of possible problems and savings, but that these are unlikely to significantly alter the overall financial position.

THIS REPORT HAS BEEN SEEN AND APPROVED BY:
M Luntley - Strategic Director of Finance and Corporate Services
Cllr A Hollingsworth – Portfolio Holder

Background papers: Executive Board Reports 9th September, item 4 27th September, item 10, 8th July, item 7, Council Agenda 14th October 2002, EB32

1. The budget process

- 1.1 The Council has made two adjustments to its budget agreed at the start of this year.
 - At the start of the year Members agreed to fund £500,000 of "one off" items and £340,000 of spending "carry forward" from last year.
 - 1.2On 14th October 2002, following a £2.5m savings exercise, the Council updated its budget. Business Managers were tasked with finding 10-12% from their controllable budgets, together with £808,000 of other costs they identified at that same time.
 - 1.3 Not every Business Manager was able to meet their saving target. Council reluctantly agreed a budget which included £532,000 of spending, to be funded from balances.
 - 1.4 The use of balances has also been approved for the funding of the Oxford Building Solutions' best value review
 - 1.5 The effect of these changes is that this year the Council is now budgeting to spend £24,566,000.

2. Spending against this budget

- 2.1 Many budgets are straightforward to predict, but a number of cost centres (such as homelessness) are demand led, and may change in the year. However we currently estimate the City will underspend its revised budget by about £328,000.
- 2.2 Table 1 (overleaf) summarises the budget changes agreed and estimated spending.
- 2.3 Appendix 1 shows this underspend analysed by business unit. These net figures tie back to previous budget reports. These net figures include internal recharges and capital costs, which Members have rightly noted make variations hard to understand.
- 2.4 Consequently Appendix 2 shows the gross cost of each business unit. Variations can be seen in the context of total spending. The figures reflect the business unit before September. Future reports will be on the basis of the revised structure.

¹ The key table setting out savings achieved and cost pressures identified is on page EB32 of the Council Agenda of 14th October 2002.

Table 1 - Revised Budget and Forecast Spend

	£
Original budget	23,644,000
Carry forward	340,000
One off items (new initiatives)	500,000
Approvals 14 th October 2002 excluding contingency	32,000
OBS Best Value 14 th October 2002	50,000
Revised Budget Before Contingency	24,566,000
Estimated net underspend	(328,000)
Forecast Spend for Year Before contingency	24,238,000

2.5 If the City spends in line with this forecast, it will have balances of £3,361,000 at the end of this year.

3 Key variations

The main variations which make up the £328,000 net savings are summarised below.

Homelessness

- 3.1 A saving on Homelessness spend is predicted. However the service is demand led, and where the relevant criteria are met, the City has no option but to provide assistance. Although there is no reduction in the number of acceptances, savings are likely to be achieved following
- Better use of the Council's own stock.
- A change in allocations policy
- Introduction of the lease scheme which is much cheaper than nightly charge.
- 3.2 However these estimates are sensitive to the assumptions made. If we need to procure an additional 20 units between now and March 31st our costs would increase by £100,000.

3.3 There is an unresolved issue concerning rent officer referrals in respect of properties supplied by Oxford Social Lettings Agency. This has been under review for some time and it is hoped it will be resolved in time for three year budget planning. Although the forecast underspend takes into account our best estimate of these costs, firmer figures will only be available once the issue is resolved.

Property

- 3.4 MacMillan House has been sublet from September 2002. The tenant has been granted a six month rent free period, but will nevertheless be responsible for rates and service charges immediately. The saving from this arrangement is £33,000 in the current year.
- 3.5 However there will be an additional cost of £21,000 on Thomas Hull House (above the £7,000 reported at 27th September Executive Board). This consists of £20,000 for an additional three month rent free period and an additional £1,000 for other costs.
- 3.6 Required energy savings of £50,000 are not achievable in the current year, although a spend to save proposal is to be reported shortly. Savings are likely in future years.

Financing Adjustments

- 3.7 Interest earned on external investments is forecast to be £337,000 higher than budgeted. Capital receipts balances have increased since the budget was set last January, capital spending is lower than forecast and interest rates have held up better than expected.
- 3.8 Interest payable on internal balances (mainly developer contributions) needs to increase by £111,000
- 3.9 Payments to South Oxfordshire District Council for management of debt on assets transferred at the boundary change can no longer be fully recharged to the housing revenue account. However there is an allowance for this now included in the main charge to the HRA (paragraph 2.10 below) which otherwise would have reduced further
- 3.10 Housing Revenue Account debt has reduced and the reimbursement to the general fund for managing this therefore falls.
- 3.11 The minimum revenue provision (the amount legally required to be transferred to the balance sheet for repayment of debt) increases by £37,000.

<u>Pay</u>

3.12 At 8th July 2002 we predicted that the £260,000 saving on pay inflation (which was included in the original budget) would probably not be

achieved. This was because it seemed the pay award would be 4% not the 3% originally assumed. In the event the 4% pay settlement was only payable from October and included in the £260,000 were amounts due to City Works employees (a separate account). The net effect is a £166,000 general fund saving.

- 3.13 The cost of regularising service conditions for casual staff are still uncertain. The Personnel Business Manager notes there are complex personnel issues. At 8th July 2002 we estimated the probable cost as £50,000. Further investigations reveal that £100,000 is a more likely scenario. The additional cost of £50,000 is shown here.
- 3.14 Additional ongoing redundancy costs of £134,000 were reported to September 9th Executive Board.

Income under budget

- 3.15 Museum income is forecast to be £10,000 under achieved.
- 3.16 Carfax Tower has an income budget of £52,000 but as it now opens only in summer, it is likely to achieve only £19,000. The income budget for 2003/04 is £28,000.
- 3.17 Unachievable print unit income was reported at September 9th Executive Board

Audit fees

3.18 District Audit Fees are likely to be £80,000 higher than budget (comprising £25,000 on basic fee and best value, £39,000 on grants work and £16,000 on benefits overruns). We shall be making representations to the District Auditor about the recent rate of increase in these fees.

Other

- 3.19 Following investigation by the council's VAT officer and our external advisers, a VAT refund of £98,000 has been achieved. This relates to excess charges on car parks, which have now been deemed not subject to VAT
- 3.20 Agreement has been given to funding the MORI staff survey at a cost of £8,000.
- 3.21 These cost pressures and savings are summarised in table 2 (overleaf).

Table 2- Corporate Savings and Pressures

		£	£	
Homelessness				
Homelessness Underspend (part ongoing)	Homelessnes s	(560,000)	(560,000)	
Property				
MacMillan House rates saving (ongoing)	Property Investment	(33,000)		
Thomas Hull House disposal (one off)	Property Investment	21,000		
Energy savings (ongoing)	Financial Management	50,000	38,000	
Financing Adjustments				
External interest	Appropriation s	(337,000)		
Interest payable on internal balances	Appropriation s	111,000		
Payments to South Oxfordshire	Asset Management	152,000		
Reduced reimbursement by HRA	Asset Management	20,000		
Minimum Revenue Provision	Appropriation s	37,000	(17,000)	
Pay				
Pay award (ongoing)	Contingency	(166,000)		
Casual Staff (part ongoing)	Leisure and Culture	50,000		
Redundancy costs (ongoing)	Chief Exec	134,000	18,000	
Under-Achievement of Income				
Museum income (ongoing)	Leisure and Culture	10,000		
Carfax Tower Income (ongoing)	Leisure and Culture	33,000		
Print Unit unachievable income (ongoing)	Facilities Management	160,000	203,000	

District Audit Fees				
District Audit Fees (ongoing)	Financial Management	80,000	80,000	
Other				
VAT refund (predominantly one off) Excess Charges Car Parks	Contingency	(98,000)		
MORI Staff Survey	Contingency	8,000	(90,000)	
Total			(328,000)	

4. Items Subject to Further Investigation (not quantified or included)

- 4.1 Planning fee income for the year to date is higher than originally forecast. Further work is being undertaken to ascertain whether this is likely to continue for the remainder of the year.
- 4.2 The Information Systems business manager will be presenting a report on the funding requirements for the next agresso upgrade.
- 4.3 Although there is a saving on the local cost of benefits due to an increase in subsidy on the final (unaudited) 2001-02 claim, there are potential additional costs. The effect of these is currently under investigation.
- 4.4 The likely extent of buying team savings remains under investigation. Although there may be substantial savings these may benefit the housing revenue account to a greater extent than the general fund.

5. **Summary**

5.1 General fund spending for the year is now forecast to be £328,000 lower than the revised budget approved on 14th October 2002. The key factor in achieving this is the lower spending on homelessness. However this a demand led budget which has previously proved very hard to predict with any great accuracy.

Appendix 1 - Budgets by Business Unit

Budget		Variance	
	Forecast		
£	£	£	
741,000	741,000		
43,000	43,000		
171,000	179,000	8,000	
449,000	449,000		
20,000	154,000	134,000	
3,410,000	3,410,000		
(1,000)	129,000	130,000	
4,441,000	4,441,000		
(79,000)	(79,000)		
(36,000)	(36,000)		
(236,000)	(236,000)		
597,000	585,000	(12,000)	
439,000	599,000	160,000	
5,360,000	5,360,000		
279,000	279,000		
4,509,000	3,949,000	(560,000)	
4,113,000	4,113,000		
1,255,000	1,255,000		
285,000	285,000		
4,683,000	4,683,000		
1,671,000	1,671,000		
99,000	99,000		
1,896,000	1,896,000		
3,088,000	3,181,000	93,000	
3,114,000	3,114,000		
(248,000)	(248,000)		
360,000	360,000		
(6,993,000)	(6,821,000)	172,000	
(9,024,000)	(9,213,000)	(189,000)	
	(98,000)	(98,000)	
166,000		(166,000)	
(6,000)	(6,000)		
24,566,000	24,238,000	(328,000)	
500,000	500,000		
05.000.000	24 729 000	(339 000)	
25,066,000	24,738,000	(328,000)	
	741,000 43,000 171,000 449,000 20,000 3,410,000 (1,000) 4,441,000 (79,000) (36,000) (236,000) 597,000 439,000 279,000 4,509,000 4,113,000 1,255,000 285,000 4,683,000 1,671,000 99,000 1,896,000 3,088,000 3,114,000 (248,000) 360,000 (6,993,000) (9,024,000) 166,000	£ £ 741,000 741,000 43,000 179,000 449,000 449,000 20,000 154,000 3,410,000 3,410,000 (1,000) 129,000 4,441,000 (79,000) (36,000) (36,000) (36,000) (236,000) 597,000 585,000 439,000 599,000 5,360,000 279,000 4,509,000 3,949,000 4,113,000 4,113,000 4,683,000 1,255,000 285,000 285,000 4,683,000 1,671,000 99,000 1,896,000 3,088,000 3,181,000 3,088,000 3,114,000 (248,000) 360,000 (6,993,000) (6,821,000) (9,024,000) (9,213,000) (6,000) (6,000)	

Appendix 2 Analysis of Business Unit Budgets Excluding Recharges and Capital Charges

	Spend	Forecast		Income	Forecast		
	Budget	Spend		Budget	Oncome		
	Excluding	Excluding	Spend	Excluding	Excluding	Income	Overall
	Recharges	Recharges	Variance	Recharges	Recharges	Variance	Variance
Business Unit	£	3	£	£	£	£	£
Strategic Policy and Research	1,058,000	1,058,000		(478,000)	(478,000)		
Corporate Strategy	603,000	603,000		(15,000)	(15,000)		
Human Resources	618,000	626,000	8,000	(4,000)	(4,000)		8,000
Modernisation	1,368,000	1,368,000		(10,000)	(10,000)		
Chief Executive	368,000	502,000	134,000	0	0		134,000
Corporate and Democratic Core	726,000	726,000		0	0		
Financial Management	(3,389,000)	(3,259,000)	130,000	(99,000)	(99,000)		130,000
Revenues and Benefits	4,678,000	4,678,000	<u></u>	(2,062,000)	(2,062,000)		
	857,000	857,000		(418,000)	(418,000)		
Legal Services Internal Audit	331,000	331,000		(53,000)	(53,000)		
Information Systems	1,197,000	1,197,000		0	0		
	7,463,000	7,430,000	(33,000)	(5,386,000)	(5,365,000)	21,000	(12,000)
Property Investment Facilities Management	1,102,000	1,102,000	(,)	(766,000)	(606,000)	160,000	160,000
Customer Services	903,000	903,000		Ó	0		
Oxford Building Solutions	(63,000)	(63,000)		0	0		
Neighbourhood Renewal	2,740,000	2,740,000		(163,000)	(163,000)		
Environmental Health	1,768,000	1,768,000		(300,000)	(300,000)		
Livering Continue (including homologeness)	9,189,000	8,629,000	(560,000)	(619,000)	(619,000)		(560,000)
Housing Services (including homelessness) Built Environment	901,000	901,000	(000,000)	(657,000)	(657,000)		
	5,059,000	5,059,000		(813,000)	(813,000)		
City Works	1,622,000	1,622,000		(594,000)	(594,000)		
Planning	88,000	88,000		0	.0		
City Centre Management	4,053,000	4,053,000		(5,180,000)	(5,180,000)		
Transport and Parking	4,713,000	4,763,000	50,000	(2,522,000)	(2,479,000)	43,000	93,000
Leisure and Culture	3,299,000	3,299,000	00,000	(722,000)	(722,000)		
Parks and Green Spaces	801,000	801,000		(3,000)	(3,000)		
Administration	3,000	3,000		0	0		
Highways Holding		(3,616,000)	148,000	(5,260,000)	(5,597,000)	(337,000)	(189,000)
Appropriations	(3,764,000) 2,745,000	2,917,000	172,000	(14,120,000)	(14,120,000)	1,	172,000
Asset Management Revenue Account	2,740,000	2,317,000	172,000	(11,120,000)	(98,000)	(98,000)	(98,000)
Corporate saving (VAT refund)	166,000		(166,000)		(00,000)	(,)	(166,000)
Pay award contingency unused element	166,000	(6,000)	(100,000)	 			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Corporate supplies saving not fully allocated	(6,000)		(117,000)	(40,244,000)	(40,455,000)	(211,000)	(328,000)
Revised Budget	51,197,000	51,080,000 500,000	(117,000)	(40,244,000)	(10,100,000)	\=,000/	(555,555)
General contingency	500,000	500,000	<u> </u>				
		F4 500 000	(447 000)	(40,244,000)	(40,455,000)	(211,000)	(328,000)
Revised Budget	51,697,000	51,580,000	(117,000)	(40,244,000)	(40,400,000)	(=11,000)	(-23,000)

